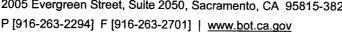
AGENDA ITEM B

Approval of May 17, 2012, Committee Meeting Minutes



CALIFORNIA BOARD OF OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY 2005 Evergreen Street, Suite 2050, Sacramento, CA 95815-3827





Disaster Preparedness/Disaster Response Teleconference Meeting Minutes Thursday, May 17, 2012

Committee Members Present Mary Evert, Chair Kathay Lovell Carol Bartolo-Loeffler

Board Staff Present Jeff Hanson

Committee Member Not Present Mohammed Khalifa

A. Call to order, roll call, establishment of a quorum

At 3:42 p.m. the meeting was called to order. Contact with all teleconference sites was established. Roll was called; a quorum of the Committee was established.

B. Introductions

No introductions were necessary since only Committee Members and staff were present. No individual from the public was in attendance throughout the meeting.

C. Review and discussion of Committee's Roles and Responsibilities and consideration of recommending changes to the Board.

This item was placed on the agenda in the event that there was a recommendation to make a change in the Roles and Responsibilities of the Committee. No discussion ensued on this matter.

- D. Approval of January 24, 2012, Committee Meeting Minutes.
 - Kathay Lovell moved to approve the January 24, 2012, Meeting Minutes as presented.

Roll Call Vote

Mary Evert Aye

Kathay Lovell Aye Carol Bartolo-Loeffler Aye

The motion was approved by the Committee

E. Reports from Committee Members

Mary Evert reported that she was not able to establish contact with an individual with the National Center for Disease Control and Prevention that might be of assistance to the Committee in providing advice how occupational therapists could be viewed as first responders.

Kathay Lovell identified an individual with the American Red Cross that might be able to provide some assistance to the Committee. Ms. Lovell also reported she had the opportunity to speak with the Director of a local hospital about disaster planning. The contact resulted in the Director becoming more aware of how occupational therapists might be utilized in disaster preparedness and response. Ms. Lovell indicated she would follow up to see if she might be able to obtain a disaster plan from a local hospital.

Carol Bartolo-Loeffler referred to an example of a Disaster Plan for a health care facility. Discussion ensued on depth and breadth of disaster plans and a model that was developed several years ago by the World Federation of Occupational Therapy in Germany. Ms. Bartolo-Loeffler indicated that she believed most therapists do not consider themselves as first responders and a need exits to broaden both the profession's and public's perception.

F. Discussion regarding establishing plan to work with stakeholders to reduce barriers for occupational therapists and occupational therapy assistants roles to be recognized as first responders and their role in the event of a disaster or emergency.

Kathay Lovell stated that perhaps the Committee should re-adjust its goal to something that is immediately achievable and can be accomplished primarily by the Board itself.

Consensus among Committee Members was that perhaps the Committee should focus on educating therapists and public on disaster preparedness, and how occupational therapists can provide assistance in disasters. A much more achievable and functional outcome might be derived from simply posting information on the Board's website.

G. Selection of 2012 meeting dates/times.

Ms. Evert indicated that she would prefer to have another meeting on or near the next Board Meeting in Sacramento on June 27 & 28, 2012. Since Committee Member Mohammed Khalifa was not in attendance the Committee deferred scheduling any future meetings beyond June 2012.

H. Public comment on items not on agenda.

No individual from the public was in attendance; therefore no public comments were provided.

I. Adjournment

At 4:48 p.m. the meeting adjourned.

AGENDA ITEM C

Committee Members updates/activities



California State University SAN MARCOS

College of Humanities, Arts, Behavioral & Social Sciences

Department of Psychology

California State University San Marcos

333 S. Twin Oaks Valley Road

San Marcos, CA 92096-0001

Tel: 760.750.4191 Fax: 760.750. 3418 jphillip@csusm.edu

INFORMATION SHEET

My name is Dr. Judith Phillips, a faculty member within the Department of Psychology at California State University San Marcos (CSUSM). With several CSUSM students I am conducting a study to examine the experiences of adults who lived in the areas of the county affected by the 2007 San Diego County Wildfires. We'd like to ask you about your experiences during the wildfires and about your thoughts and experiences now, four years later.

You are invited to participate in this study if you lived in an area that was involved in the 2007 San Diego County Wildfires and you were at least 25 years old in October 2007. You may have been evacuated or did not have to evacuate; you may have had mild property damage or lost your home or perhaps you did not have any damage at all. It does not matter the type of events you experienced, as we are interested in hearing from everyone who lived in the involved areas during this October 2007 time period.

If you volunteer, you will be asked to fill out a survey that asks questions about your experiences during the wildfires, about the social support you encountered during and after the wildfires, about your religious/spiritual views, and about your experiences now in 2012. The survey will not take you more than 30 minutes to complete. You do not have to complete it all at once. Completing one or two sections at a time until you are finished is just fine. All the questions ask you to check your responses or to write in one-word or one number response.

When you have completed the survey, please place it in the provided stamped envelope and mail it directly to me. It would be helpful to have your completed questionnaire returned to me by June 15, 2012.

There are minimal potential risks for participating in this study such as loss of time and/or recalling a distressing event. If you experience the latter, there is contact information for counselling services at the end of this letter. Your participation is completely voluntary and you may stop filling out the survey at any time and throw it away.

If you do complete this survey, your completion of it and sending it to me is evidence of your agreement to participate. Please do not put your name anywhere on the survey. It will be assigned an ID number that will not be connected to you in any way. This helps ensure that all your responses remain anonymous.

Although there is no direct benefit to you for participating in this study, your participation will assist researchers looking at the experiences of adults during and after a wildfire. As there is little research on this topic, your participation will help expand our understanding of this experience.

If you have any questions about this study, please contact me, Dr. Judith Phillips at 760 750-4191; jphillip@csusm.edu If you have any questions about your rights as a research participant, you may contact our Institutional Review Board at 760 750-4029.

Thank you for your time and for sharing your experiences.

Regards.

Judith R'Phillips

Judith Phillips, PhD

Department of Psychology, California State University San Marcos

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: Please remember that this is an anonymous survey and that there are no right or wrong answers to these questions. It is very important that you answer the questions honestly as it is your thoughts, opinions, and experiences which will determine the value and impact of this study. Please be assured that your survey will be kept in the strictest confidence. Thank you.

PART A- BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

This section asks for general information about you. These questions are not asked as a means of identification but rather are asked to gather general information regarding the age, sex, and race of those completing the survey.

INSTRUCTIONS.	write in or check the box that best matches your response
Q1. What year wer	re you born in?
Q2. What is your s	ex? □ Female
☐ American Indian☐ Asian☐ Black or African☐ Hispanic or Late	n American no n or Other Pacific Islander
Q4. What is your m □ Married □ Widowed □ Divorced □ Separated □ Never married □ Cohabitating	arital status <u>now</u> ?
Please include mon	D D
Q6. How has the quifor you? (Check one □ Very good; could □ Pretty good □ Good and bad pa □ Pretty bad □ Very bad; could h	hardly be better
Q7. Currently how o	often do you attend church?

Q8. As of right now ☐ Excellent ☐ Good ☐ Fair ☐ Poor	how do you rate your	physical f	nealth?	(Check one))	
Q9. How would you of 2007 wildfires? (Chec ☐ Better ☐ The same ☐ Worse	ompare your current p ck one)	ohysical he	alth to your	physical heal	th before th	he October
PART B: I'd like you	o think back to Octob	er 2007 at	the time of	the wildfire	S.	
Q10. In Oct 2007 at the Divorced ☐ Separated ☐ Never married ☐ Cohabitating	he time of the wildfires	what was	your marital	status?		
Q11. Did you have to	evacuate from your ne	eighborhoo	d during the	wildfires?	□ Yes	□ No
Q12. During the 2007 If yes, did you experie Complete loss of you		ny structur □ Yes	_	your home?	' □ Yes	□ No
Partial loss of your ho	•	□ Yes	□ No □ No			
did you have items sudid you have landscaped did you have outside so did you have vehicles did you have roof damid you have water dailyou have damage did you lose food in the did you lose any of you have any of you	old items such as furnition of as keepsakes and poing in your yard dama structures such as barr damaged or destroyed age? Soot and ash damage? Image to the interior of to your swimming pooled refrigerator or freeze	photograpi ged or des ns, porche d? your home l? r because	ns damaged stroyed? s damaged of	or destroyed? or destroyed?	☐ Yes	No No No No No No No No
Q15. Did your insuran	ce company repair dan	nages to y				
			∕es □N		applicable	
Q16. Were you able to epaired?	get reimbursement for	r hotel and	l restaurant i □ Yes		ır home wa □ Not appli	
217. If you had to evadestaurant bills from yo	cuate but had no dama ur insurance company	age to you	r home, did y □ Yes	/ou get reimb □ No	ursement fo	or hotel and

PART C- The next questions are about help that you might have received from others as a direct result of your experience with the wildfires. Think back to the period of time between the 2007 October wildfires and around New Year's Day 2008. First, I will ask you whether anyone in your family helped you in a certain way; then I'll ask questions about how often friends and then other people helped you in this way. The best approach is to answer fairly quickly. Don't try to count up the number of times these things happened, rather indicate a reasonable estimate.

INSTRUCTIONS: USING THE SCALE BELOW, WRITE THE NUMBER THAT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR RESPONSE TO EACH ITEM ON THE LINE BESIDE THAT ITEM.

	Never	Once or twice	!	A few times	Many times
	0	1		2	3
<u>y</u>				around New Year's Day 2008, <u>as</u> i ly members suggest some action	
<u>e</u>				round New Year's Day 2008, <u>as a g</u> uggest some action you should tak	
	1			round New Year's Day 2008, <u>as a c</u> utside your immediate circle sug	
<u>y</u>	2. a. Betwe			around New Year's Day 2008, <u>as</u> I ly members give, loan, or offer yo	
y		ct result of your experience ools, appliances, furniture, o		ne wildfires, how often did friends nent, etc?	give, loan or offer
in				ne wildfires, how often did people or tools, appliances, furniture, equip	~
				around New Year's Day 2008, <u>as</u> ly members comfort you with a hu	
h	b. <u>As a direct</u> ug or another sign		with th	ne wildfires, how often did friends	comfort you with a
in		ct result of your experience omfort you with a hug or an		he wildfires how often did people o sign of affection?	outside your
				around New Year's Day 2008, <u>as a</u> ly members help you understand	
u	b. As a dire		with t	he wildfires how often did friends l	nelp you
	c. As a dire	ct result of your experience	with t	he wildfires how often did people of	outside your

immediate circle help you understand a situation you were in?

INSTRUCTIONS: USING THE SCALE BELOW, WRITE THE NUMBER THAT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR RESPONSE TO EACH ITEM ON THE LINE BESIDE THAT ITEM.

Never	Once or twice	A few times	Many times
0	1	2	3

5.a. Between the 2007 October wildfires and around your experience with the wildfires how often did family m something?	New Year's Day 2008 <u>as a direct result of</u> embers give you information on how to do
b. As a direct result of your experience with the wild information on how to do something?	fires, how often did friends give you
c. As a direct result of your experience with the wild immediate circle give you information on how to do something	fires how often did people outside your ing?
6. a.Between the 2007 October wildfires and around your experience with the wildfires how often did family me you needed them?	New Year's Day 2008 <u>as a direct result of</u> embers let you know they would be around if
b. As a direct result of your experience with the wildf would be around if you needed?	ires how often did friends let you know they
c. As a direct result of your experience with the wildf immediate circle let you know they would be around?	ires how often did people outside your
7. a. Between the 2007 October wildfires and around N your experience with the wildfires how often did family me well-being?	ew Year's Day 2008, <u>as a direct result of</u> embers express interest and concern in your
b. As a direct result of your experience with the wildfi and concern in your well-being?	res how often did friends express interest
c. As a direct result of your experience with the wildfir immediate circle express interest and concern in your well-be	<u>es</u> how often did people outside your eing?
8. a.Between the 2007 October wildfires and around N your experience with the wildfires how often did family merstay?	mbers offer or provide you with a place to
b. As a direct result of your experience with the wildfir with a place to stay?	
c. As a direct result of your experience with the wildfi immediate circle offer or provide you with a place to stay?	res how often did people outside your
9. a.Between the 2007 October wildfires and around N your experience with the wildfires how often did family mer improving your property?	ew Year's Day 2008, <u>as a direct result of</u> nbers help you with cleaning up or
b. As a direct result of your experience with the wildfire cleaning up or improving your property?	es how often did friends help you with
c. As a direct result of your experience with the wildfire immediate circle help you with cleaning up or improving your	es how often did people outside your property?

INSTRUCTIONS: USING THE SCALE BELOW, WRITE THE NUMBER THAT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR RESPONSE TO EACH ITEM ON THE LINE BESIDE THAT ITEM.

Never	Once or twice	A few times	Many times
0	1	2	3

- 10. a.Between the 2007 October wildfires and around New Year's Day 2008 as a direct result of your experience with the wildfires how often did family members bring you food or cook for you?
- b. As a direct result of your experience with the wildfires how often did friends bring you food or cook for you?
- c. As a direct result of your experience with the wildfires how often did people outside your immediate circle pring you food or cook for you?

PART D: Since the 2007 wildfires, how often have you used the following actions?

INSTRUCTIONS: USING THE SCALE BELOW, WRITE THE NUMBER THAT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR RESPONSE TO EACH ITEM ON THE LINE BESIDE THAT ITEM.

Never	Somewhat	Quite a bit	A great deal
0	1	2	3

- 1. I looked for a stronger connection with God
 - 2. I sought God's love and care
 - 3. I sought help from God in letting go of my anger
 - 4. I tried to put my plans into action together with God
 - 5. I tried to see how God might be trying to strengthen me in this situation.
 - 6. I asked forgiveness for my sins.
- 7. I focused on my religion to stop worrying about my problems.
 - 8. I wondered whether God had abandoned me.
 - ___9. I felt punished by God for my lack of devotion
 - ____10. I wondered what I did for God to punish me
- ____11. I questioned God's love for me
 - ___12. I wondered whether my church had abandoned me
- ____13. I decided the devil made this happen
- 14. I questioned the power of God.

PART E: Now let's think about the year 2012 and your experiences and thoughts. The following are some ways of coping with difficult situations. Think of a difficult situation you had to face during the past year. I'd like to know how you coped with that difficult situation.

INSTRUCTIONS: USING THE SCALE BELOW, WRITE THE NUMBER THAT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR RESPONSE TO EACH ITEM ON THE LINE BESIDE THAT ITEM.

Never	Once or twice	A few times	Many times
0	1	2	3
 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

	1.	l turned	to work	or other	activities	to take	my min	d off thing
--	----	----------	---------	----------	------------	---------	--------	-------------

__2. I concentrated my efforts on doing something about the situation I'm in.

INSTRUCTIONS: USING THE SCALE BELOW, WRITE THE NUMBER THAT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR RESPONSE TO EACH ITEM ON THE LINE BESIDE THAT ITEM.

Once or twice

A few times

Many times

0	1	2		3
3. I said to mys	self "this isn't real.".			
4. I used alcoh	ol or other drugs to make	myself feel better.		
5. I got emotion	nal support from others.			
6. I gave up try	ing to deal with it.			
7. I took action	to try to make the situation	on better.		
	pelieve that it has happen			
9. I said things	to let my unpleasant feeli	ngs escape.		
	hol or other drugs to help			
	e it in a different light, to r		tive.	
	me up with a strategy abo			
	rt and understanding from			

- 15. I looked for something good in what is happening.
- _____16. I made jokes about it.

Never

17. I did something to think about it less, such as going to movies, watching TV, reading,

daydreaming, sleeping, or shopping.

- ___18. I accepted the reality of the fact that it has happened.
- ____19. I expressed my negative feelings.

14. I gave up the attempt to cope.

- ____20. I tried to find comfort in my religion or spiritual beliefs.
 - ___21. I learned to live with it.
- ____22. I thought hard about what steps to take.
 - 23. I prayed or meditated.
- 24. I made fun of the situation.

PART F: The following is a list of the ways you might have felt or behaved over the past week in 2012. Tell me how often you have felt this way during the past week.

INSTRUCTIONS: USING THE SCALE BELOW, WRITE THE NUMBER THAT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR RESPONSE TO EACH ITEM IN THE SPACE BESIDE THAT ITEM.

Rarely or none of time (less than 1 de	i	Occasionally or moderate amount of time (3-4 days)	Most or all of the time (5-7 days)
0	1	2	3

During the past week:
1. I was bothered by things that usually don't bother me.
2. I did not feel like eating; my appetite was poor.
3. I felt that I dould not shake off the sad feelings even with help from my family or friends.
4. I felt that I was just as good as other people.
5. I had trouble keeping my mind on what I was doing.
6. I felt depressed.
7. I felt that everything I did was an effort.
8. I felt hopeful about the future.
9. I thought my life had been a failure.
10. I felt fearful.

INSTRUCTIONS: USING THE SCALE BELOW, WRITE THE NUMBER THAT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR RESPONSE TO EACH ITEM IN THE SPACE BESIDE THAT ITEM.

Some or a little of

Rarely or none of the	Some or a little of	Occasionally or moderate	Most or all of the
time (less than 1 day)	the time (1-2 days)	amount of time (3-4 days)	time (5-7 days)
0	1	2	3
11. My sleep was r 12. I was happy. 13. I talked less tha 14. I felt lonely. 15. People were ur 16. I enjoyed life. 17. I had crying spe 18. I felt sad. 19. I felt that people 20. I could not get '	an usual. afriendly. ells. e dislike me.		
		nrough areas of the county such nunities directly affected by this	
If Yes, did you directly expe	rience any material or p	ersonal losses in 2003?	□ Yes □ No
	estionnaire that relate to	e to add any comments about to your experiences during or sinace below.	
R. Phillips, Ph.D., Psycholo	gy Department, Social a	stamped and addressed envel and Behavioral Sciences Buildin a Oaks Valley Rd, San Marcos,	g (SBSB 3222).
If you would like a copy of to 760 750 4191	he results of this study, p	olease email me at jphillip@csu	sm.edu or call

THANK YOU FOR YOUR PARTICIPATION AND FOR SHARING YOUR EXPERIENCES.

ARE YOU READY?

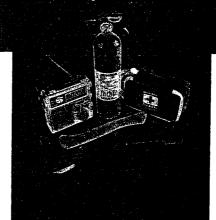
Seventy-two hours. That's how long officials say it may take before help begins to arrive if a widespread disaster were to strike San Diego County. Preparing for an emergency can make all the difference in safeguarding the lives of family, friends and neighbors. Keep this guide with the disaster kit shown inside and make sure everyone knows what to do in an emergency.

Emergency Alert System: San Diego's Emergency Alert System radio station is KOGO/AM 600, which will broadcast official information in English. The backup station is KLSD/AM 1360.

Spanish-language media: San Diego County officials will provide information in Spanish to local Latino media.

TELEPHONE SERVICE

- Do not call 911 except to report an emergency.
- Keep calls to a minimum, especially after an earthquake. There may be a delay for a dial tone but do not depress the switch hook because this could increase the delay.
- If you hear a fast busy signal or "all circuits are busy" recording, hang up and try later.



Reverse 911: San Diego County will send disaster alerts and updates to cellphones of those who register online

To register a cellphone, VOIP system or email address, go to sdcounty.ca.gov/oes/ready/signup.html.

211: A nonemergency phone service, operated by Info Line of San Diego, offers a wide range of information during disasters and at other times.

Administrative offices can be reached at: (858) 300-1300 or 211sandiego.org.

Foreign-language speakers: 911. 211 and other socialservice and law enforcement agencies offer comnunication in many foreign languages. For 911 and 211 callers, operators can link you to knowledgeable speakers in a three-way call to help solve problems.

IF YOU MUST EVACUATE

A wholesale evacuation plated under the most ex certain hard-hit areas, as nappened in the 2003 and reme disasters analyzed **But selected evacuations** residents is not contemof the county's 3 million could be necessary in for San Diego County. 2007 wildfires.

dictate how to coordinate fected area, but here are Circumstances would few general guidelines: raffic flow out of an af-

enforcement agencies will departments or other law go. Keep any driving to a elsewhere, until officials signal where it is safe to minimum to make room nediate danger, stay at for emergency vehicles is ordered, the sheriff's travel. If an evacuation home, work, school or Unless there is imand other necessary announce details.

unstable. Traffic managers flow on freeways and other stand most earthquakes, soon as possible to make freeways, off-ramps and recommend stopping as roads would be made as sure it's safe to proceed. Changes to directional Freeways: Although bridges could become strengthened to withconditions require.

Keep your car's fuel tank full. Depending on the type of emergency, gasoline may not be available.

Mass transit: Transit gencies, school bus

BEFORE, DURING AND AFTER A DISASTER

- Prepare an emergency kit for home and car.
- Check your living quarters for potential problems.
- Become familiar with emergency plans for school, work and other places you frequent.
 - Copy and safeguard important documents.
- Establish a family plan.
- neighbors, ascertain their skills and Discuss disaster planning with special needs.
 - Practice a home evacuation.
- Take a course in first aid and overall disaster preparation.

Indoors: Drop to the floor, take

In an earthquake

cover under a sturdy desk or table aolding onto it so it doesn't move away, and wait until the shaking

Stay away from windows, don't the coast, move to high ground to fall. If you are driving, stop at the near buildings where debris may rush to an exit or use stairs until Outdoors: Stay clear of areas shaking stops. If you are near escape a possible tsunami.

power lines and be wary of bridges and underpasses, which may not routes are open. Avoid downed have been checked.

 Provide first aid to the injured. Check on the welfare of neigh-

bors, co-workers, pets.

n a firestorm

but know first which routes lead to Evacuate as soon as possible, safety.

in a flood

Seek higher ground; don't drive through water.

designated meeting point outside Meet family members at pre-

first safe place, wait until the shak-

ing stops. Before proceeding, turn

 Assess damage to home, neigh- Call 911 only if injuries are serious or you are facing a dangerous Turn on the radio (KOGO/AM 600) for official announcements situation requiring assistance. and locations of neighborhood shelters.

- Secure your prestocked emergency kit. borhood
 - Report your condition and
- whereabouts to your designated out-of-state contact

EDUCATION EFFORT: AREA COURSES TO HELP PREPARE

ist of what is available to the public: nary resuscitation (CPR). Here is a eges and various fire departments raining, first aid and cardiopulmo-The Red Cross, community colmany at no charge, in emergency and local agencies offer classes,

The San Diego-Imperial Counties Chapter of the American Red Cross on first aid, CPR, disaster training schedules dozens of classes a year

200 or see "classes" on the website For information, call (858) 309at sdarc.org.

and other subjects.

Community colleges

website of a community college con sortium, sdicregionalconsortium. org, or by phone at (619) 660-4357, summarizes offerings in "Looking available around the county. The Classes in various health and emergency-related careers are

and other emergency-related tasks. ouses offer a variety of professional training, continuing education and noncredit classes in first aid, CPR These San Diego County cam-Fees and availability vary. for a Career."

- Grossmont College, El Cajon, Cuyamaca College, El Cajon, (619) 644-7000, grossmont.edu.
- 619) 660-4000, cuyamaca.edu.

Fourth-gradnold" during ers "drop, cover and

· Continuing Education, Moun-

tain View, (619) 388-1234, sdce.edu. Vista, (619) 421-6700, swc.cc.ca.us. • Southwestern College, Chula tary in Serra at Cubberly ShakeOut" California the Great Southern Elemen-

Community Emergency Response A multiweek course covers fire Various fire departments and ceam organization and disaster safety, light search and rescue, medical operations. Feams (CERT)

programs. They include San Diego (619) 533-4453; Chula Vista, (619) 409-5482; East County, (619) 441districts offer CERT training MiraCosta College, Oceanside, Mesa. to it.

(760) 757-2121, miracosta.edu.

1737; and Oceanside, (760) 435-4272

For all other programs, call the

local fire department, fire station or

fire district, or contact the county

emergency services coordinator,

- (760) 744-1150, palomar.edu.
- sdmesa.edu; Kearny Mesa, (619) 388-2600, sdmesa.net.
- (619) 388-7800, miramarcollege.net.
- Palomar College, San Marcos, City College, downtown, (619)

sdcounty.ca.gov/oes under "commu-

For information on CERT:

 $(858)\ 565-3490$

- Miramar College, Mira Mesa,
- Mesa College, (619) 388-2600, 388-3400, sdcity.edu.
- nity" or sandiego.gov/fireandems under "safety & education."

A PLAN FOR THE FAMILY: IT'S IMPORTANT THAT EVERYONE HAS A ROLE TO PLAY

Mass transit: Transit ay not be available. encies, school bus

ices stand by to assist in ails would be broadcast uired to prepare their ocating people unable itutional facilities are he public along with a me number to request cuation or relocation. , hospitals and other ets, vans and ambun plans for possible eave on their own. rsing homes, priscial assistance.

A PLAN FOR THE FAMILY: IT'S IMPORTANT THAT EVERYONE HAS A ROLE TO PLAY card with the addresses and phone numbers of the designated meeting places.

Talking with your family

and neighbors about what

to do if a natural disaster

occurs is the starting point

for being prepared.

Here's a plan for families

to consider:

Ask about emergency plans at the places where your amily spends the most

ng homes or other facilities tacted in a crisis. Also find centers, workplaces, nurstime - schools, day-care and how families are conout if there are adequate emergency supplies, if

case of fire, for example, and

- one near your home in Pick two places to meet

one outside your neighbor-

hood if you can't get home.

Pamilies should carry a

should the need arise and if there's an evacuation site if there's a "shelter-in-place" it's necessary.

If a plan doesn't exist, volcentral contact person. Put that person's name, address unteer to help develop one. ing for each family member and phone number in writrelative or friend to be the Designate an out-of-state to carry at all times and

children or aging relatives people with whom your make it available to the spend time.

Initiate the plan

you'll need and need to do in Create a checklist of things an emergency; do what you update information every can in advance; rehearse your plan as a family and six months.

Explore with your

o the wall eater, furi

Bolt do

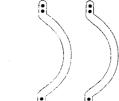
children the FEMA website do activities and test their knowledge about disaster for kids where they can preparation.

cards, doll or stuffed animal, disaster-supplies backpack things to pack in their own scissors and glue, deck of puzzles) to help them feel comforted and stay occu-(crayons, favorite books, pied in an emergency. They also will find

MORE ESSENTIALS TO HAVE ON HAND IOW TO TAKE CARE OF YOUR HOME

pping in advance

Repair defective electriwiring, leaky gas lines, is (using professional exible utility connecas needed)



electrical switches until you ights, not lanterns, candles Do not turn the gas back on yourself and do not turn on There is no need to turn off sources, which could ignite the gas if you do not detect any leaks. When checking your house, use only flashleaks and turn on the gas. or other flammable light are sure there is no leak. gas leak.

After the immediate threat passes

wet handkerchief if damage Perform a safety check gloves and a dust mask or of your living quarters, wearing sturdy shoes, is extensive.

he wall studs the water

ter, furnace and other

Bolt down and secure

a fuse box, remove all smal

For a home equipped with

fuses and then turn off the

main using the knife switch

not use a damaged chimney. weakened and should be apcollapse and others may be proached with caution. Do Some chimneys may

thing from open containers

Do not eat or drink any-

may fall out of a cupboard

or closet or from shelves.

Beware of items that

computers, to protect then from a power surge. Leave oower lines. If the power is a lamp on so you will know ronic equipment, such as oox. Do not touch downed out, unplug sensitive elecelectrical wiring, shut off the power at the control If you find damaged when power is restored. There is generally no

zard hunt" to determine

ere they are so you can

id them in a quake.

rhead lighting fixtures

For things that you 't secure, conduct a

heavy objects; anchor

valls; brace high and

large picture frames

ects on lower shelves;

en shelves, mirrors

Place large or heavy

or appliances.

If you smell natural gas

ıear a gas leak, turn off main valve, using a 10-2-inch wrench. Report

quickly, such as those in the

eat foods that will spoil

If the power is out, first

near shattered glass.

may be refrozen if ice chips

are still evident. When in

eat as long as they're refrig

Generally, they're safe to refrigerator and freezer.

erator-cool. Freezer items

electricity, turn off all smal oreakers and then shut off the main circuit breaker. power switch if there is no damage. To shut off

ne and request a compa

lephone outside your

eak to SDG&E from

echnician or a licensed

tractor to check for

hat can connect directly to

generators outdoors only. Use only with appliances

need to turn off the main

Operate portable

doubt, throw it out.

the generator by extension

generator into a household

cords and do not plug a

electricity back into the main utility system and For leaks and spills, cause possible injury.

ng system. Check the main ine connection at the street dry room and the landscap nazardous materials, such *r*alves as needed. Immedi kitchen, bathrooms, launately clean up any spilled check water lines in the and house. Turn off the medicines, drugs and as gasoline or bleach. Check that each

automobiles.

Phones that are off the hook elephone is on its receiver. ess phones may not work manual traditional phone lie up the network. Cord available to plug into the wall. Cellphones may not work if towers have been if power is out, so have a lestroyed or the system disrupted.

Nonprescription drugs

Pain reliever

TURNING OFF THE MAIN GAS VALVE

Heart and blood-pressure

For adults

nedications

- Anti-diarrhea medication Antacid
- Insulin
- · Prescription drugs
- Contact lenses and sup-Denture needs

Food and water for three

Pet supplies

Laxative

- Extra eyeglasses

Entertainment

· Games, books, deck of cards

 A change of clothing and footwear for each person. Clothing and bedding

members with special require-

Remember household

Special items

Leash

ments, such as infants and

elderly or disabled persons

For babies

 Diapers Formula

Bottles

- Sturdy shoes or work boots Rain gear
 - Blankets or sleeping bags
 - Hat and heavy gloves Thermal underwear

 Powdered milk Medications

Sunglasses

energy bars, rain ponchos glow sticks, tissues, small bags are Mylar blankets, first-aid kits, trash bags tains enough supplies for one person. In the COMMERCIAL KITS FOR YOUR CAR sizes and contain the same The local chapter of the American Red Cross sells can easily be carried in three disaster kits that The kits come in two

Kearny Mesa, phone (858) and foil packets of water. Red Cross headquarters at 3950 Calle Fortunada, The kits are available 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Monday through Friday at the 309-1200 or online at

items, but the two largest

vices suggests photograph-'GRAB AND GO' DOCUMENT BOX

sdarc.org.

Foreign nationals may want to pack documents ing your home inventory that prove their identity. and packing important phone numbers.

records.

May be stored indefinitely

n proper containers and conditions

Moraga suggests copying all documents for a safety

deposit box.

AKE SURE TO CHECK YOUR SUPPLIES EVERY 6 MONTHS metal container) horoughly washed plastic, low that you've pre-

 Potatoes glass, fiberglass or enamelUse within one year

Never use a container that

work isn't over. Make

ed yourself and your ily for an emergency, non hold tout anthuton

ined metal containers.

• Vegetable oils

will provide care for either mends creating a "grab and Insurance Information Net cooler bag for \$40 — con-"When it comes to docu-Start with a waterproof container large enough for two or four people. Both The smallest one — a work of California recomgo" box to store essential kits come in backpacks Peter Moraga of the that cost \$45 and \$85 respectively.

and request a compachnician or a licensed ain valve, using a 10ai a gas ican, vui ii vu inch wrench. Report ak to SDG&E from phone outside your actor to check for

electricity, turn off all small oreakers and then shut off the main circuit breaker. need to turn off the main There is generally no ower switch if there is no damage. To shut off

that can connect directly to the generator by extension generator into a household generators outdoors only. Use only with appliances cords and do not plug a • Operate portable

manual traditional phone wall. Cellphones may not work if towers have been available to plug into the if power is out, so have a destroyed or the system disrupted.

309-1200 or online at sdarc.org. cooler bag for \$40 -- con-The smallest one — a

'GRAB AND GO' DOCUMENT BOX

1

vices suggests photograph-

ing your home inventory

and packing important

Insurance Information Netmends creating a "grab and work of California recomgo" box to store essential Peter Moraga of the records.

container large enough for Start with a waterproof file folders.

In proper containers and conditions

Wheat

Moraga suggests copying

want to pack documents

that prove their identity.

Foreign nationals may

phone numbers.

all documents for a safety

deposit box.

ments, you want those that "When it comes to docuwill be hard to replace," he said. "That includes insurand business. You'll want to take health insurance, ance papers — life, auto

Baking powder

Vegetable oils

Dried corn

Canned condensed meat

Use within one year

Instant drinks

• Salt

Soybeans

birth certificates and pass-

your mortgage papers, your "You'll want to get your credit card statements.

Noncarbonated soft

and uncooked instant cere-

als (in metal containers)

Ready-to-eat cereals

uices and vegetables

Canned fruits, fruit

and vegetable soups

ports."

sistance online at iinc.org. The insurance network offers home inventory as-

rial Counties Chapter of the The San Diego and Impe-American Red Cross notes cords. It also recommends puter files onto a disk or a reconstruct financial recopying important comthat tax forms can help

May be stored indefinitely AKE SURE TO CHECK YOUR SUPPLIES EVERY 6 MONTHS

metal container)

thoroughly washed plastic,

glass, fiberglass or enamel-

Never use a container that

ined metal containers.

nas held toxic substances.

• Potatoes

e guidelines for storing or food and water from d vourself and your w that you've pre-

ightly, label them and store

Seal water containers

itain a rotation sched er and the shelf life of vork isn't over. Make y plan regularly and ly for an emergency, ne Red Cross gives vou rehearse your disaster kit.

e common foods:

in a cool, dark place. Rotate water every six months. Keeping food fresh

 Powdered milk (boxed) Use within six months: Dried fruit (in metal container)

Dry, crisp crackers (in

ore your water in

 Peanut butter, jelly Hard candy and Vitamin C sanned nuts

• Powdered milk (in nitrogen-packed cans)

.. Bouillon products

Dry pasta

White rice

drinks

County emergency ser

lash drive.

There's safety in numbers.

Preparing for an emergency well in advance is key to you and your family's safety.

Here are four steps you should take to be ready.





Plan ahead

Know your evacuation route and involve children in the planning. Review and update your "important stuff" list and emergency kit. Plan how to transport your pets and get a transport cage. Designate a relative/triend as an out-of-area contact.



Gather

important stuff

Keep sturdy boxes handy to collect things like: prescriptions, eyeglasses, documents, cell phones and chargers, external drives and extra cash.





Be sure to have on hand: three-day water/food supply, first-aid kit and medicine, change of clothing, blankets and sleeping bags, flashlights and extra batteries, pet food and leash.



Create a defensible space around your home

Remove dead branches and leaves near your home, remove low branches and mow dried grass. If you replace plants, make sure they're fire-resistent.

Working to keep you safe. Every day.

San Diego's high-fire danger months are in the fall, when hot, dry Santa Ana winds arrive. Because the damage from wildfires can be catastrophic, it's important that we all work together and be prepared in order to stay safe.

We're partnering to prepare for safety by supporting local organizations, like 211-San Diego, the American Red Cross, and the Burn Institute. To request an emergency preparedness presentation for your service or non-profit organization, visit sdge.com/community/ambassadors.

Power outages can be caused for many reasons. Know what to do when an outage occurs and how to be safe around

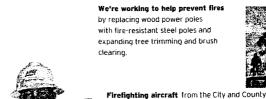


downed power lines. If you own a portable generator, know how to operate it safely and let us know you have one.

If you ever have a safety concern involving natural gas or electricity, call us at 1.800.411.7343, call 911 or visit sdge.com.

In an emergency, Alert San Diego,

the region's Reverse 911 notification system, sends important information to your registered mobile phone and email address. Be prepared and register online al readysandiego.org.





of San Diego, CAL FIRE, US Forest Service and SDG&E® are standing by to help suppress brush fires and give firefighters on the ground the

support they need.
You can check with
your local city or
fire department to
learn more about
defensible space
requirements.



SDGE

NAVY'S NEW TACK IS CHARACTER TRAINING

Concerned about incidents of misbehavior, officials mandate course for aircraft units

JEANETTE STEELE • U-T

Can you teach someone to have character and integrity? The Navy is giving it a try with a new mandatory training course for its aircraft units.

Naval officials say the move is only partly in response to a bumper crop of ill-behaved leaders in 2010 and 2011, when the Navy saw a spike in commanding officers being removed from their jobs for cause.

Others see a more direct connection.

Most of those firings came for personal failings, such as fraternization, rather than professional errors, such as running a ship aground.

The misbehavior of U.S. military members has taken on greater seriousness in the age of social media, when almost everyone carries a cellphone camera and any snapshot can go global.

"A military leader's per-SEE NAVY • A6

lated character training course has received criticism from some quarters

lost more senior enlisted personnel last year alone due to firings than were killed in the line of duty in nearly the last half-century."

The training consists of a daylong seminar that includes case studies of sailors and officers gone wrong and intervention strategies. Topics covered are fraternization, alcohol abuse, violence, cheating on tests, hazing, fraud, falsifying administrative records, designer drug use and fraudulent marriage.

The Navy spent \$350,000 to develop the course, plus

\$250,000 out of its 2012 budget for reservist hours and travel costs. Reservists who have previously held command positions are conducting the initial seminars.

Vice Adm. Al Myers, head of all Navy air forces, said he is proud of the effort, which started at his behest.

"When we have an aviation mishap, we apply a very direct approach to recreate the decision chain that led to the mishap in order to share the lessons learned," he said. "So why not use this same approach to personal behaviors?"



Vice Adm. Al Myers

They started in late March with commanding and executive officers and top enlisted sailors at air stations from Coronado to Whidbey Island, Wash., to Jacksonville, Fla. The rest of naval aviation — right down to the newest airman — is expected to receive the training starting this summer.

It's not clear yet if this



Retired Rear Adm. Hamlin Tallent

character curriculum will spread throughout the Navy, which is fond of train-

ing programs.

Already, sailors sit through presentations on how to prevent sexual harassment, alcohol problems and unsafe driving. And, officers and enlisted sailors in line for top positions take courses on character and integrity at the Command Leadership School in Newport, R.I.

Sentek Global is pitching the character program to other Navy commands and branches of the U.S. military. Law enforcement agencies at the state and federal level are another

potential market.

There are no other takers yet, but a Sentek spokesman said the catalyst for these discussions has been recent high-profile gaffes.

One obvious one is the Secret Service prostitution scandal in Colombia in April, which ensnared 12 military members, including two sailors and two Marines from San Diego commands.

A recent speech by Defense Secretary Leon Panetta shows that the topic is on his mind following widely publicized episodes in Afghanistan. They include images of Marines urinating on Afghan insurgents' corpses and photos showing U.S. soldiers posing with Afghan police holding the severed legs of a suicide bomber.

"A few who lack judgment, lack professionalism, lack leadership can hurt all of us, and can hurt all of those men and women who serve this country with distinction," Panetta said in a May 4 speech at Fort Benning, Ga.

James Ware, who commanded a Whidbey Island EA-6B Prowler squadron from 2009 to 2010, chimed in on a well-read blog called. Cdr. Salamander, asking, "Why does Navy leadership think that character and integrity can be taught by PowerPoint, when as any parent knows, it is formed through years of engaged parenting and by example?"

Ethicists say you cer-

tainly can't teach charter in one day. But S Bazargan, a Universit California San Diego losophy professor, sai sounds like the Navy's is less lofty.

"This is no critic of this seminar," he s "The purpose seems to straightforward, to n vate compliance with codes of conduct by d onstrating to aviators v can happen when the coare breached."

Retired Army Col. Ge-Reed, now a professo University of San Die School of Leadership Education Sciences, character is a shaky prise.

"We want to believ character. But you can extraordinarily good pe and put them in bad si tions and guess what will do? (Bad things.) has been repeated in periment after experiment Reed said.

He said the Navy app to be doing a positive t by reinforcing expectat about what acceptable havior is.

"Failure stories are portant. We should le from the failures of othe he said.

The Navy wouldn't a reporters to observe the tial training sessions he North Island. Officials media presence would rupt the small groups.

But they made the trers available for in views.

Reservist Capt. 1 Crane, who once c manded a F/A-18 squad said in some groups the was resistance to the

But he also saw what described as light bulbing off above the head some squadron skip during the back-and-fof the seminar.

"You have a C.O. whelike, 'Every once in a washouldn't I be able to rehave a nice time out maybe have a couple e (drinks), as long as I a designated driver?" said

"And someone says, 'Well, you are in command all the time. What happens if your boss calls you? Now are you glad you had that extra beer or two?"

Crane said, "To see guys repotentially change and adjust, I think there's value there."

AGENDA ITEM D

Review and discussion on establishing a continuing competency requirement related to disaster preparedness/response.

§ 4161. Continuing Competency

- (a) Effective January 1, 2006, each occupational therapy practitioner renewing a license or certificate under Section 2570.10 of the Code shall submit evidence of meeting continuing competency requirements by having completed, during the preceding renewal period, twelve (12) PDUs for each twelve month period, acquired through participation in professional development activities.
- (1) One (1) hour of participation in a professional development activity qualifies for one PDU;
- (2) One (1) academic credit equals 10 PDUs;
- (3) One (1) Continuing Education Unit (CEU) equals 10 PDUs.
- (b) Professional development activities acceptable to the board include, but are not limited to, programs or activities sponsored by the American Occupational Therapy Association (AOTA) or the Occupational Therapy Association of California; post-professional coursework completed through any approved or accredited educational institution that is not part of a course of study leading to an academic degree; or otherwise meet all of the following criteria:
- (1) The program or activity contributes directly to professional knowledge, skill, and ability;
- (2) The program or activity relates directly to the practice of occupational therapy; and
- (3) The program or activity must be objectively measurable in terms of the hours involved.
- (c) PDUs may also be obtained through any or a combination of the following:
- (1) Involvement in structured special interest or study groups with a minimum of three (3) participants. Three (3) hours of participation equals one (1) PDU.
- (2) Structured mentoring with an individual skilled in a particular area. For each 20 hours of being mentored, the practitioner will receive three (3) PDUs.
- (3) Structured mentoring of a colleague to improve his/her skills. Twenty (20) hours of mentoring equals three (3) PDUs
- (4) Supervising the fieldwork of Level II occupational therapist and occupational therapy assistant students. For each 60 hours of supervision, the practitioner will receive .5 PDU.
- (5) Publication of an article in a non-peer reviewed publication. Each article equals five (5) PDUs.
- (6) Publication of an article in a peer-reviewed professional publication. Each article equals 10 PDUs.
- (7) Publication of chapter(s) in occupational therapy or related professional textbook. Each chapter equals 10 PDUs.
- (8) Making professional presentations at workshops, seminars and conferences. For each hour, the practitioner will receive two (2) PDUs.
- (9) Attending a meeting of the California Board of Occupational Therapy. Each meeting attended equals two (2) PDUs, with a maximum of six (6) PDUs earned per renewal period.
- (10) Attending board outreach activities. Each presentation attended equals two (2) PDUs, with a maximum of four (4) PDUs earned per renewal period.
- (d) Partial credit will not be given for the professional development activities listed in subsection (c).
- (e) This section shall not apply to the first license or certificate renewal following issuance of the initial license or certificate.
- (f) Of the total number of PDUs required for each renewal period, a minimum of one half of the units must be directly related to the delivery of occupational therapy services.
- (1) The delivery of occupational therapy services may include: models, theories or frameworks that relate to client/patient care in preventing or minimizing impairment, enabling function within the person/environment or community context. Other activities may include, but are not limited to, occupation based theory assessment/interview techniques, intervention strategies, and community/environment as related to one's practice.
- (g) Applicants who have not been actively engaged in the practice of occupational therapy within the past five years completing continuing competency pursuant to section 2570.14(a) of the Code to qualify for licensure/certification shall submit evidence of meeting the continuing competency requirements by having completed, during the two year period immediately preceding the date the application was received, forty (40) PDUs that meet the requirements of subsection (b). The forty PDUs shall include:
- (1) Thirty-seven (37) PDUs directly related to the delivery of occupational therapy services;
- (2) One (1) PDU related to occupational therapy scope of practice;
- (3) One (1) PDU related to occupational therapy framework;
- (4) One (1) PDU related to ethical standards of practice for an occupational therapist.
- (h) Mandatory Continuing Competence. As of January 1, 20 , occupational therapists shall have taken and completed coursework relevant Disaster Preparedness/Response for a minimum of contact hours.

AGENDA ITEM E

Ethical

§ 4170. Ethical Standards of Practice

A violation of any ethical standard of practice constitutes grounds for disciplinary action. Every person who holds a license, certificate or limited permit issued by the board shall comply with the following ethical standards of practice:

- (a) Occupational therapy practitioners shall comply with state and federal laws pertaining to discrimination.
- (b) Occupational therapy practitioners shall take reasonable precautions to avoid imposing or inflicting harm upon the client or to his or her property.
- (1) Occupational therapy practitioners shall not exploit clients in any manner.
- (2) Occupational therapy practitioners shall avoid relationships or activities that interfere with professional judgment and objectivity.
- (c) Occupational therapy practitioners shall collaborate with clients, caretakers or other legal guardians in setting goals and priorities throughout the intervention process.
- (1) Occupational therapy practitioners shall fully inform the client of the nature, risks, and potential outcomes of any interventions.
- (2) Occupational therapy practitioners shall obtain informed consent from clients involved in research activities and indicate in the medical record that they have fully informed the client of potential risks and outcomes.
- (3) Occupational therapy practitioners shall respect the client's right to refuse professional services or involvement in research or educational activities.
- (4) Occupational therapy practitioners shall maintain patient confidentiality unless otherwise mandated by local, state or federal regulations.
- (d) Occupational therapy practitioners shall perform occupational therapy services only when they are qualified by education, training, and experience to do so.
- (1) Occupational therapy practitioners shall hold the appropriate credentials for the services they provide.
- (2) Occupational therapy practitioners shall refer to or consult with other service providers whenever such a referral or consultation is necessary for the care of the client. Such referral or consultation should be done in collaboration with the client.
- (e) Occupational therapy practitioners shall comply with the Occupational Therapy Practice Act, the California Code of Regulations, and all other related local, state, and federal laws.
- (f) Occupational therapy practitioners shall provide accurate information about occupational therapy services.
- (1) Occupational therapy practitioners shall accurately represent their credentials, qualifications, education, experience, training, and competence.
- (2) Occupational therapy practitioners shall disclose any professional, personal, financial, business, or volunteer affiliations that may pose a conflict of interest to those with whom they may establish a professional, contractual, or other working relationship.
- (3) Occupational therapy practitioners shall refrain from using or participating in the use of any form of communication that contains false, fraudulent, deceptive statements or claims.
- (g) Occupational therapy practitioners shall report to the Board acts constituting grounds for discipline as defined in Section 2570.28 of the Occupational Therapy Practice Act.
- (h) Occupational therapy practitioners shall complete education and/or training relative Disaster Preparedness and/or Response and be able to provide documentary evidence of having completed such education or training.

AGENDA ITEM G

Selection of 2012 meeting dates/times.

State Pay Period Calendar for 2012

STATE OF CALIFORNIA APPOINTMENT CALENDAR STD. 101 (REV. 9/2010)

31 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	SEPTEMBER 2012 21 Days 168 Hours SU M TU W TH F SA	SU M TU W TH F SA 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	SU M TU W TH F SA 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 29 30 31
14 7 21 28	US	SU SU 177	26 19 5 SC
15 15 22 29	S	18 1 4 ≤ 25	6 X
2 16 23 30	70 ,	TU 5 12 19	TU 7 7 14 21 21 28
3 10 17 24	⊘	22 W 6 13 20	FEBRUARY 2012 21 Days 168 Hours W TH F SA 1 2 3 4 8 9 10 11 15 16 17 18 22 23 24 25 29
4 11 18 25	OCTOBER 2012 22 Days 176 Hours W TH F S.A	JUNE 2012 22 Days 176 Hours TH F S/ 31 1 2 7 8 9 14 15 16 21 22 23 28 29 30	3RUARY 2012 21 Days 168 Hours TH F SA 2 3 4 9 10 11 16 17 18 23 24 25
2	R 20 176 Ho F	Days 176 Hours TH F SA TH 1 2 7 8 9 7 8 9 14 15 16 14 15 16 21 22 23 28 29 30	RY 20 168 Ho F : 3 3 10 17 17
27 20 8 6	12 SA	Supergravity of the Company of the Asset Continues of the Company	C. C
25 8 1 4	SU	SU 15 8 22 29	25 4 SU
10 5 26 26	≤	30 Z3 30 X	19 5 ≤ 26 .
6 13 20 27	_ _	TU 3 10 17 17 24	TU 6 13 20
31 7 14 21 28	~		
8 1 4 7	NOVE 22 22	18 × 2	W 22 22 22 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24
20 15 8 1 29 29	NOVEMBE 22 Days W TH	1994/11	
1 2 8 9 15 16 22 23	VOVEMBER 20 22 Days 176 Ho W TH F	1994/11	MARCH 20 22 Days 176 Hc TH F 1 2 8 9 15 16 22 23 29 30
20 15 8 1 29 29	EMBER 22 Days 17 TH	JULY 2012 22 Days 176 Hours TH F SA 5 6 7 12 13 14 19 20 21 26 27 28	MARCH 2012 22 Days 176 Hours TH F SA 1 2 3 8 9 10 15 16 17 22 23 24 29 30 31
1 2 8 9 15 16 22 23	VOVEMBER 2012 22 Days 176 Hours W TH F SA SU	1994/11	MARCH 2012 MARCH 2012 22 Days 176 Hours SU TH F SA SU 1 2 3 1 8 9 10 8 1 15 16 17 15 15 16 17 15 22 23 24 22 29 30 31 29
1 2 3 8 9 10 15 16 17 22 23 24 29	S N	JULY 2012 22 Days 176 Hours TH F SA SU M 5 6 7 12 13 14 5 6 19 20 21 12 13 26 27 28 19 20 26 27	MARCH 2012 Year Days 176 Hours SU M TH F SA SU M 1 2 3 11 2 8 9 10 8 9 15 16 17 15 16 22 23 24 22 23 29 30 31 29 30
1 2 3 8 9 10 2 3 4 15 16 17 9 10 11 22 23 24 16 17 18 29 29 23 24 25 30 31	SU M TU	JULY 2012 22 Days 176 Hours TH F SA SU M TU 5 6 7 12 13 14 5 6 7 19 20 21 12 13 14 26 27 28 19 20 21 26 27 28 26 27 28	MARCH 2012 12 Days 176 Hours SU M TU 1 2 3 1 2 3 8 9 10 8 9 10 15 16 17 15 16 17 22 23 24 22 23 24 29 30 31 29 30
1 2 3 8 9 10 2 3 4 5 15 16 17 9 10 11 12 22 23 24 16 17 18 19 29 23 24 25 26 30 31	SU M TU	JULY 2012 22 Days 176 Hours TH F SA SU M TU W 5 6 7 1 12 13 14 5 6 7 8 19 20 21 12 13 14 15 26 27 28 19 20 21 22	MARCH 2012 12 Days 176 Hours SU M TU W 1 2 3 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 1 2 3 4 8 9 10 9 10 11 15 16 17 15 16 17 18 22 23 24 22 23 24 25 29 30 31 29 30
1 2 3 8 9 10 2 3 4 5 6 15 16 17 9 10 11 12 13 22 23 24 16 17 18 19 20 29 23 24 25 26 27 30 31	SU M TU	JULY 2012 22 Days 176 Hours TH F SA SU M TU W 5 6 7 1 12 13 14 5 6 7 8 19 20 21 12 13 14 15 26 27 28 19 20 21 22	MARCH 2012 12 Days 176 Hours SU M TU W 1 2 3 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 1 2 3 4 8 9 10 9 10 11 15 16 17 15 16 17 18 22 23 24 22 23 24 25 29 30 31 29 30
1 2 3 8 9 10 2 3 4 5 15 16 17 9 10 11 12 22 23 24 16 17 18 19 29 23 24 25 26 30 31	DECE 22 SU M TU W	JULY 2012 22 Days 176 Hours TH F SA 5 6 7 12 13 14 19 20 21 16 27 28 19 20 21 26 27 28 26 27 28 27 28 29	MARCH 2012 MARCH 2012 22 Days 176 Hours TH F SA SU M TU W 1 2 3 4 8 9 10 11 15 16 17 18 15 16 17 18 17 18 22 23 24 25 25 23 29 30 31 29 30