### Disaster Preparedness/Disaster Response Committee Report.

The following is attached for review:

- A. Highlights from June 26, 2012, meeting.
- B. Acceptance of the January 24, 2012, meeting minutes.
- C. Acceptance of the May 17, 2012, meeting minutes.
- D. Other informational items.

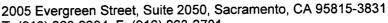
June 27-28, 2012

## ITEM TO BE PROVIDED



STATE AND CONSUMER SERVICES AGENCY . GOVERNOR EDMUND G. BROWN JR

### **BOARD OF OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY**



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### Disaster Preparedness/Disaster Response Teleconference Meeting Minutes Tuesday, January 24, 2012

Committee Members Present Mary Evert, Chair Kathay Lovell Mohammed Khalifa Board Staff Present Jeff Hanson

A. Call to Call, roll call, establishment of a quorum.

Contact was established at all teleconference locations. At 3:06 p.m. Mary Evert called the meeting to order and called the role. A quorum of the Committee was established.

B. Review and discussion of Committee's Roles and Responsibilities and consideration of recommending changes to the Board.

As a newly formed Committee, the Committee maintains this item on agendas to allow the opportunity to consider changes and make recommendations to the Board as might be warranted. There was no new discussion to make changes to the Roles and Responsibilities that have been established.

- C. Approval of October 25, 2011, Committee Meeting Minutes.
  - Mohammed Khalifa moved to approve the October 25, 2011, with minor spelling edits regarding Committee Member names.
  - Kathay Lovell seconded the motion.
- D. Review and discussion of legislation regarding limited liability of occupational therapists providing services in emergency, disaster, or state of war.

Committee Members were provided a copy of legislation which the Board Legislative Committee has identified as priority to pursue for informational purposes. The legislation would eliminate the liability of services provided during the time of war, emergency, or disaster barring willful acts, omissions, or gross negligence. Some discussion ensued into the possibility of finding an author for the legislation.

### E. Reports from Committee Members.

Mary Evert reported and provided staff with names and contact information for individuals that might be able to provide advice and assistance to the Committee. Ms. Evert indicated that it might be beneficial to invite one of these individuals to participate in a future teleconference meeting. Mohammed Khalifa indicated that he contacted the Department of Human Services but was unable to establish meaningful contact due to the holidays. Kathay Lovell reported she had scheduled a meeting with the Director of a local Community Hospital. Ms. Lovell was also considering trying to schedule a meeting with the Fire Marshall.

### F. Discussion regarding advocating to the profession and partnering with other organizations to be available as responders in the event of a disaster or emergency.

Mary Evert asked staff to contact the Occupational Therapy Association of California (OTAC) to see if it would be possible to get space in their newsletter to publish an article. The purpose would be to raise awareness within the profession and to inform practitioners about the role of the Board's Disaster Preparedness/Disaster Response Committee.

### G. Discussion regarding establishing plan to mobilize occupational therapists and occupational therapy assistants into action in the event of a disaster or emergency.

Consensus amongst the Committee was that although more work needs to be done, it would appear that the Committee's efforts should be directed in working with the American Red Cross.

### H. Selection of 2012 meeting dates/times.

Ms. Evert indicated she would like for the Committee to meet before the next Board meeting scheduled for April 22 or 29, 2012. The Committee indicated they would like to meet before the next Board Meeting in April. Committee Members agreed to hold a teleconference at 3:30 p.m. on February 16, 2012.

### I. Public comment on items not on the agenda.

There were no public comments on items not on the agenda. Carol Bartolo Loeffler an occupational therapist in the Sacramento area attended the meeting at the Sacramento location. Ms. Loeffler demonstrated an interest in the Committee's work. Ms. Loeffler was asked if she would like to fill a vacancy on the Committee at which she indicated she would be interested.

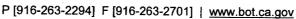
### J. Public comment on items not on the agenda.

At 4:01 p.m. the meeting was adjourned.



### CALIFORNIA BOARD OF OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY

2005 Evergreen Street, Suite 2050, Sacramento, CA 95815-3827





### Disaster Preparedness/Disaster Response Teleconference Meeting Minutes Thursday, May 17, 2012

Committee Members Present
Mary Evert, Chair
Kathay Lovell
Carol Bartolo-Loeffler

Board Staff Present Jeff Hanson

Committee Member Not Present Mohammed Khalifa

### A. Call to order, roll call, establishment of a quorum

At 3:42 p.m. the meeting was called to order. Contact with all teleconference sites was established. Roll was called; a quorum of the Committee was established.

### **B.** Introductions

No introductions were necessary since only Committee Members and staff were present. No individual from the public was in attendance throughout the meeting.

C. Review and discussion of Committee's Roles and Responsibilities and consideration of recommending changes to the Board.

This item was placed on the agenda in the event that there was a recommendation to make a change in the Roles and Responsibilities of the Committee. No discussion ensued on this matter.

### D. Approval of January 24, 2012, Committee Meeting Minutes.

 Kathay Lovell moved to approve the January 24, 2012, Meeting Minutes as presented.

### Roll Call Vote

Mary Evert Aye
Kathay Lovell Aye
Carol Bartolo-Loeffler Aye

The motion was approved by the Committee

### E. Reports from Committee Members

Mary Evert reported that she was not able to establish contact with an individual with the National Center for Disease Control and Prevention that might be of assistance to the Committee in providing advice how occupational therapists could be viewed as first responders.

Kathay Lovell identified an individual with the American Red Cross that might be able to provide some assistance to the Committee. Ms. Lovell also reported she had the opportunity to speak with the Director of a local hospital about disaster planning. The contact resulted in the Director becoming more aware of how occupational therapists might be utilized in disaster preparedness and response. Ms. Lovell indicated she would follow up to see if she might be able to obtain a disaster plan from a local hospital.

Carol Bartolo-Loeffler referred to an example of a Disaster Plan for a health care facility. Discussion ensued on depth and breadth of disaster plans and a model that was developed several years ago by the World Federation of Occupational Therapy in Germany. Ms. Bartolo-Loeffler indicated that she believed most therapists do not consider themselves as first responders and a need exits to broaden both the profession's and public's perception.

F. Discussion regarding establishing plan to work with stakeholders to reduce barriers for occupational therapists and occupational therapy assistants roles to be recognized as first responders and their role in the event of a disaster or emergency.

Kathay Lovell stated that perhaps the Committee should re-adjust its goal to something that is immediately achievable and can be accomplished primarily by the Board itself.

Consensus among Committee Members was that perhaps the Committee should focus on educating therapists and public on disaster preparedness, and how occupational therapists can provide assistance in disasters. A much more achievable and functional outcome might be derived from simply posting information on the Board's website.

### G. Selection of 2012 meeting dates/times.

Ms. Evert indicated that she would prefer to have another meeting on or near the next Board Meeting in Sacramento on June 27 & 28, 2012. Since Committee Member Mohammed Khalifa was not in attendance the Committee deferred scheduling any future meetings beyond June 2012.

### H. Public comment on items not on agenda.

No individual from the public was in attendance; therefore no public comments were provided.

### I. Adjournment

At 4:48 p.m. the meeting adjourned.



### California State University SAN MARCOS

College of Humanities, Arts, Behavioral & Social Sciences

Department of Psychology

California State University San Marcos

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San Marcos, CA 92096-0001

Tel: 760.750.4191 Fax: 760.750. 3418 jphillip@csusm.edu

### INFORMATION SHEET

My name is Dr. Judith Phillips, a faculty member within the Department of Psychology at California State University San Marcos (CSUSM). With several CSUSM students I am conducting a study to examine the experiences of adults who lived in the areas of the county affected by the 2007 San Diego County Wildfires. We'd like to ask you about your experiences during the wildfires and about your thoughts and experiences now, four years later.

You are invited to participate in this study if you lived in an area that was involved in the 2007 San Diego County Wildfires and you were at least 25 years old in October 2007. You may have been evacuated or did not have to evacuate; you may have had mild property damage or lost your home or perhaps you did not have any damage at all. It does not matter the type of events you experienced, as we are interested in hearing from everyone who lived in the involved areas during this October 2007 time period.

If you volunteer, you will be asked to fill out a survey that asks questions about your experiences during the wildfires, about the social support you encountered during and after the wildfires, about your religious/spiritual views, and about your experiences now in views.

You do not have to complete fine. All the questions a.

When you have c to me. It would be helpful

There are minimal distressing event. If you exp this letter. Your participation it away.

100°,

one or two sections at a time until you are finished is just to write in one-word or one number response.

e it in the provided stamped envelope and mail it directly naire returned to me by June 15, 2012.

this study such as loss of time and/or recalling a contact information for counselling services at the end of voluntary and you may stop filling out the survey at any time and throw

If you do complete this survey, your completion of it and sending it to me is evidence of your agreement to participate. Please do not put your name anywhere on the survey. It will be assigned an ID number that will not be connected to you in any way. This helps ensure that all your responses remain anonymous.

Although there is no direct benefit to you for participating in this study, your participation will assist researchers looking at the experiences of adults during and after a wildfire. As there is little research on this topic, your participation will help expand our understanding of this experience.

If you have any questions about this study, please contact me, Dr. Judith Phillips at 760 750-4191; jphillip@csusm.edu If you have any questions about your rights as a research participant, you may contact our Institutional Review Board at 760 750-4029.

Thank you for your time and for sharing your experiences.

Regards,

. Fudith R'Phillips

Judith Phillips, PhD

Department of Psychology, California State University San Marcos

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: Please remember that this is an anonymous survey and that there are no right or wrong answers to these questions. It is very important that you answer the questions honestly as it is your thoughts, opinions, and experiences which will determine the value and impact of this study. Please be assured that your survey will be kept in the strictest confidence. Thank you.

### PART A- BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

This section asks for general information about you. These questions are not asked as a means of identification but rather are asked to gather general information regarding the age, sex, and race of those completing the survey.

INSTRUCTIONS.	Write in of Check the box that best matches your response
Q1. What year wer	e you born in?
Q2. What is your se □ Male	ex?  □ Female
Q3. Which racial ca □ American India □ Asian	ategory <u>most closely</u> describes your racial background? n or Alaska Native
<ul><li>□ Black or African</li><li>□ Hispanic or Late</li></ul>	
<ul><li>□ Native Hawaiian</li><li>□ White (non Hisp</li></ul>	n or Other Pacific Islander panic)
Q4. What is your m □ Married □ Widowed □ Divorced □ Separated □ Never married □ Cohabitating	arital status <u>now</u> ?
Please include mon	O O
Q6. How has the quoter you? (Check one of your youd; could pretty good; could pretty good	
⊒ Good and bad pa ⊒ Pretty bad	
☐ Very bad; could h	ardly be worse
J/ CHITENTIV DOW (	men oo you areno courco/

Q8. <b>As of right now</b> □ Excellent □ Good □ Fair □ Poor	how do you rate your	physical h	ealth?	(Check one)	1		
Q9. How would you of 2007 wildfires? (Chec ☐ Better ☐ The same ☐ Worse	ompare your current p ck one)	ohysical he	alth to your	physical heal	th <b>before</b> th	ne October	•
PART B: I'd like you	o think back to Octob	er 2007 a	the time o	f the wildfire:	S.		
Q10. In Oct 2007 at t  ☐ Married ☐ Widowed ☐ Divorced ☐ Separated ☐ Never married ☐ Cohabitating	he time of the wildfires	what was	your marita	ll status?			
Q11. Did you have to	evacuate from your ne	eighborhod	d during the	e wildfires?	□ Yes	□ No	
Q12. During the 2007 If yes, did you experie Complete loss of you Partial loss of your ho	r home/apartment?	ny structur □ Yes □ Yes	al damage t □ No □ No	to your home?	' □Yes	□ No	
did you have items su did you have landscar did you have outside s did you have vehicles did you have roof dan did you have smoke, s did you have water da did you have damage	Id items such as furnit ch as keepsakes and ping in your yard dama structures such as bardamaged or destroyed age?  soot and ash damage? mage to the interior of to your swimming poor e refrigerator or freeze	photograp aged or de ns, porche d? f your hom bl?	hs damaged stroyed? s damaged e?	or destroyed?	☐ Yes	No   No   No   No   No   No   No   No	
Q14. Did you have ho	me or rental insurance	at the tim	e of the 200	7 wildfires?	□ Yes	□ No	
Q15. Did your insuran	ce company repair da		our home o Yes □ i		home? applicable		
Q16. Were you able to repaired?	get reimbursement fo	or hotel and	d restaurant □ Yes	t bills while yo □ No	ur home wa □ Not app		
Q17. If you had to eva	cuate but had no dam our insurance compan	age to you	r home, did □ Yes		oursement t □ Not appl		10

PART C- The next questions are about help that you might have received from others as a direct result of your experience with the wildfires. Think back to the period of time between the 2007 October wildfires and around New Year's Day 2008. First, I will ask you whether anyone in your family helped you in a certain way; then I'll ask questions about how often friends and then other people helped you in this way. The best approach is to answer fairly quickly. Don't try to count up the number of times these things happened, rather indicate a reasonable estimate.

INSTRUCTIONS: USING THE SCALE BELOW, WRITE THE NUMBER THAT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR RESPONSE TO EACH ITEM ON THE LINE BESIDE THAT ITEM.

Never	Once or twice	A few times	Many times			
0	1	2	3			
1. a. Between the 2007 October wildfires and around New Year's Day 2008, <u>as a direct result of your experience with the wildfires</u> , how often did <b>family members</b> suggest some action you should take?						
your experience w tools, appliances, f b. As a dire	th the wildfires, how often did fam urniture, equipment, etc?	d around New Year's Day 2008, <u>as</u> ily members give, loan, or offer yo he wildfires, how often did friends on the comment, etc?	u money and/or			
		he wildfires, how often did <b>people o</b> or tools, appliances, furniture, equip				
		d around New Year's Day 2008, <u>as</u> i <b>ly members</b> comfort you with a hu				
hug or another sign	n of affection?	he wildfires, how often did friends				
	ect result of your experience with comfort you with a hug or another	the wildfires how often did people of sign of affection?	outside your			
4. a.Betwee your experience wi were in?	en the 2007 October wildfires and th the wildfires, how often did <b>fam</b>	around New Year's Day 2008, <u>as a</u> ily members help you understand	direct result of a situation you			
understand a situa	b. As a direct result of your experience with the wildfires how often did <b>friends</b> help you understand a situation you were in?					
	ect result of your experience with nelp you understand a situation yo	the wildfires how often did people on were in?	outside your			

INSTRUCTIONS: USING THE SCALE BELOW, WRITE THE NUMBER THAT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR RESPONSE TO EACH ITEM ON THE LINE BESIDE THAT ITEM.

	Never	Once or twice	A few times	Many times
	0	1	2	3
	_5.a. Between	the 2007 October wildfires and a	round New Year's Day 2008 <u>as a</u>	direct result of
your e	<u>xperience with</u>	<u>n the wildfires</u> how often did far	nily members give you information	n on how to do
someti	ning?			
	h	manulé af com a manifer a constitut di	and the state of t	•
informs		t result of your experience with the do something?	ne wildfires, how often did friends	give you
1111011116	Of World House	do something?		
	c. As a direct	result of your experience with the	ne wildfires how often did people o	outside vour
	1	you information on how to do s		rational your
	g		oo,.g .	
	6 a Between t	he 2007 October wildfires and a	round New Year's Day 2008 as a	direct recult of
vour e	xperience with	the wildfires how often did fan	nily members let you know they v	vould be around if
you ne	eded them?	Tario Manageria	my members let you know they v	rould be aloully if
•				
*******	b. <u>As a direct</u>	result of your experience with th	e wildfires how often did friends le	et you know they
would b	e around if you	needed?		•
	A			
	i		<u>e wildfires</u> how often did <b>people</b> o	utside your
ımmea	iate circle let y	ou know they would be around?	•	
7	. a. Between th	e 2007 October wildfires and are	ound New Year's Day 2008, <u>as a c</u>	direct result of
your ex	perience with	the wildfires how often did farr	illy members express interest and	d concern in your
well-bei	ng?			
	b. As a direct	result of your experience with th	e wildfires how often did friends e	waraan intana
and cor	cem in your we	ell-being?	e whathes now often did mends e	xpress interest
		3		
	c. <u>As a direct r</u>	esult of your experience with the	wildfires how often did people ou	utside your
immedi	ate circle expr	ess interest and concern in your	well-being?	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	3. a.Between th	ne 2007 October wildfires and ar	ound New Year's Day 2008 <u>as a c</u>	lirect result of
your ex stay?	perience with	the wildfires how often did fam	ily members offer or provide you	with a place to
	h As a direct	result of your experience with the	wildfroe bow often did fut-u-d-	<b>E</b>
with a p	ace to stay?	esuit of your experience with the	e wildfires how often did friends o	mer or provide you
•	,	result of your experience with th	<u>e wildfires</u> how often did <b>people</b> o	usteido vous
immedi	ate circle offer	or provide you with a place to st	av?	utside your
		. ,		
	a.Between th	e 2007 October wildfires and are	ound New Year's Day 2008, <u>as a c</u>	direct result of
your ex	perience with	the wildfires how often did fam	ily members help you with cleaning	ng up or
improvin	g your property	<i> </i> ?	. ,	- G F
cleaning	As a direct i	esuit of your experience with the	wildfires how often did friends he	∍lp you with
Gearning	ab or improvin	g your property?		
	. As a direct r	esult of your experience with the	wildfires how often did people ou	•••••••
immedia	ate circle help	you with cleaning up or improving	<u>r whalites</u> flow often did <b>people ot</b> d vour property?	ıtsıde your

INSTRUCTIONS: USING THE SCALE BELOW, WRITE THE NUMBER THAT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR RESPONSE TO EACH ITEM ON THE LINE BESIDE THAT ITEM.

Never	Once or twice	A few times	Many times
0	1	2	3

10. a.Betw	een the 2007 October wildfires and around New Year's Day 2008 as a direct result of	<u>၁f</u>
your experience	with the wildfires how often did family members bring you food or cook for you?	

- b. As a direct result of your experience with the wildfires how often did friends bring you food or cook for you?
- c. As a direct result of your experience with the wildfires how often did people outside your immediate circle bring you food or cook for you?

PART D: Since the 2007 wildfires, how often have you used the following actions?

INSTRUCTIONS: USING THE SCALE BELOW, WRITE THE NUMBER THAT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR RESPONSE TO EACH ITEM ON THE LINE BESIDE THAT ITEM.

Never	T	Somewhat	Quite a bit	A great deal
0		1	2	3

- \_\_\_\_\_1. I looked for a stronger connection with God
- 2. I sought God's love and care
  - \_\_\_3. I sought help from God in letting go of my anger
- 4. I tried to put my plans into action together with God
  - 5. I tried to see how God might be trying to strengthen me in this situation.
- 6. I asked forgiveness for my sins.
- \_\_\_\_\_7. I focused on my religion to stop worrying about my problems.
- 8. I wondered whether God had abandoned me.
  - 9. I felt punished by God for my lack of devotion
- \_\_\_10. I wondered what I did for God to punish me
- 11. I questioned God's love for me
  - \_\_\_\_\_12. I wondered whether my church had abandoned me
- 13. I decided the devil made this happen
- \_\_\_\_14. I questioned the power of God.

PART E: Now let's think about the year 2012 and your experiences and thoughts. The following are some ways of coping with difficult situations. Think of a difficult situation you had to face during the past year. I'd like to know how you coped with that difficult situation.

INSTRUCTIONS: USING THE SCALE BELOW, WRITE THE NUMBER THAT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR RESPONSE TO EACH ITEM ON THE LINE BESIDE THAT ITEM.

Never	Once or twice	A few times	Many times
0	1	2	3

1.	I turned	to work	or other	activities	to take	my mind	off things.
		}					

\_\_2. I concentrated my efforts on doing something about the situation I'm in.

INSTRUCTIONS: USING THE SCALE BELOW, WRITE THE NUMBER THAT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR RESPONSE TO EACH ITEM ON THE LINE BESIDE THAT ITEM.

Never	Once or twice	A few times	Many times
0	1	2	3

3. I said to myself "this isn't real.".	
4. I used alcohol or other drugs to make myself fe	eel better.
5. I got emotional support from others.	
6. I gave up trying to deal with it.	
7. I took action to try to make the situation better.	
8. I refused to believe that it has happened.	
9. I said things to let my unpleasant feelings esca	pe.
10. I used alcohol or other drugs to help me get the	nrough it.
11. I tried to see it in a different light, to make it se	eem more positive.
12. I tried to come up with a strategy about what	to do.
13. I got comfort and understanding from someor	ne.
14. I gave up the attempt to cope.	
15. I looked for something good in what is happen	ning.
16. I made jokes about it.	
17. I did something to think about it less, such as	going to movies, watching TV, reading,
daydreaming, sleeping, or shopping.	
18. I accepted the reality of the fact that it has hap	ppened.
19. I expressed my negative feelings.	
20. I tried to find comfort in my religion or spiritual	beliefs.
21. I learned to live with it.	
22. I thought hard about what steps to take.	
23. I prayed or meditated.	
24 I made fun of the situation	

PART F: The following is a list of the ways you might have felt or behaved over the **past week in 2012**. Tell me how often you have felt this way during the past week.

INSTRUCTIONS: USING THE SCALE BELOW, WRITE THE NUMBER THAT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR RESPONSE TO EACH ITEM IN THE SPACE BESIDE THAT ITEM.

Rarely or none of the	Some or a little of	Occasionally or moderate	Most or all of the
time (less than 1 day)	the time (1-2 days)	amount of time (3-4 days)	time (5-7 days)
0	1	2	3

During the past week:
1. I was bothered by things that usually don't bother me.
2. I did not feel like eating; my appetite was poor.
3. I felt that I dould not shake off the sad feelings even with help from my family or friends.
4. I felt that I was just as good as other people.
5. I had trouble keeping my mind on what I was doing.
6. I felt depressed.
7. I felt that everything I did was an effort.
8. I felt hopeful about the future.
9. I thought my life had been a failure.
10. I felt fearful.

INSTRUCTIONS: USING THE SCALE BELOW, WRITE THE NUMBER THAT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR RESPONSE TO EACH ITEM IN THE SPACE BESIDE THAT ITEM.

				58 4 II -£46 -	
Rarely or none	of the	Some or a little of	Occasionally or moderate	Most or all of the	
time (less than	1 day)	the time (1-2 days)	amount of time (3-4 days)	time (5-7 days)	
0		1	2	3	
•					
11. My sleep was restless.					
12. I was h					
13. I talked	ed less than usual.				
14. I felt lo	dnely.				
15. People	ple were unfriendly.				
16. I enjoy	16. I enjoyed life.				
17. I had c	had crying spells.				
18. I felt sa					
19. I felt th	19. I felt that people dislike me.				
20. I could	d not get "going."				
	_	_			
Q18. In October 2003 the Cedar wildfires swept through areas of the county such as Poway, Ramona, and Scripps Ranch. Did you live in one of the communities directly affected by this wild fire?					
and Scripps Ranch	i. Did you	I live in one of the comn	nunities directly affected by this	Wild fire?	
				☐ Yes ☐ No	
				☐ Yes ☐ No	
If Yes, did you dire	ctly expe	rience any material or p	ersonal losses in 2003?	LI 162 LINO	
Pro year interested	in vour t	noughts Please feel fre	e to add any comments about t	opics that were or	
were not covered in	n this auc	estionnaire that relate to	your experiences during or sin	ce the 2007 Southern	
California wildfire	s. You m	ay write these in the sp	ace below.		
		_			
Please return the	completed	d survey in the enclosed	stamped and addressed enve	iope provided to Judith	
R. Phillips, Ph.D.,	s, Ph.D., Psychology Department, Social and Behavioral Sciences Building (SBSB 3222).				
California State University San Marcos, 333 S. Twin Oaks Valley Rd, San Marcos, CA 92096-0001					
	_		and the second s		
- 1	copy of the	ne results of this study,	please email me at jphillip@csu	ısm.eau or call	
760 750 4191					
1 1					
THANK YOU FOR	YOUR P	ARTICIPATION AND I	FOR SHARING YOUR EXPER	ENCES.	

### **ARE YOU READY?**

Seventy-two hours. That's how long officials say it may take before help begins to arrive if a widespread disaster were to strike San Diego County. Preparing for an emergency can make all the difference in safeguarding the lives of family, friends and neighbors. Keep this guide with the disaster kit shown inside and make sure everyone knows what to do in an emergency.

Emergency Alert System: San Diego's Emergency Alert System radio station is KOGO/AM 600, which will broadcast official information in English. The backup station is KLSD/AM 1360.

**Spanish-language media:** San Diego County officials will provide information in Spanish to local Latino media.

### TELEPHONE SERVICE

- Do not call 911 except to report an emergency.
- Keep calls to a minimum, especially after an earthquake. There may be a delay for a dial tone but do not depress the switch hook because this could increase the delay.
- If you hear a fast busy signal or "all circuits are busy" recording, hang up and try later.

Oris

180-2

Reverse 911: San Diego County will send disaster alerts and updates to cellphones of those who register online.

To register a cellphone, VOIP system or email address, go to sdcounty.ca.gov/oes/ready/signup.html.

211: A nonemergency phone service, operated by Info Line of San Diego, offers a wide range of information during disasters and at other times.

Administrative offices can be reached at: (858) 300-1300 or 211sandiego.org.

Foreign-language speakers: 911, 211 and other socialservice and law enforcement agencies offer communication in many foreign languages. For 911 and 211 callers, operators can link you to knowledgeable speakers in a three-way call to help solve problems.

A wholesale evacuation plated under the most ex happened in the 2003 and treme disasters analyzed certain hard-hit areas, as But selected evacuations residents is not contemof the county's 3 million for San Diego County. could be necessary in 2007 wildfires.

fected area, but here are a dictate how to coordinate Circumstances would few general guidelines: raffic flow out of an af-

enforcement agencies will departments or other law go. Keep any driving to a elsewhere, until officials signal where it is safe to minimum to make room mediate danger, stay at for emergency vehicles is ordered, the sheriff's travel. If an evacuation home, work, school or Unless there is imand other necessary announce details.

unstable. Traffic managers flow on freeways and other stand most earthquakes, soon as possible to make recommend stopping as freeways, off-ramps and roads would be made as sure it's safe to proceed. Changes to directional Freeways: Although bridges could become strengthened to withconditions require.

Keep your car's fuel tank full. Depending on the type of emergency, gasoline may not be available.

Mass transit: Transit gencies, school bus

# IF YOU MUST BEFORE, DURING AND AFTER A DISASTER

- Prepare an emergency kit for home and car.
- Check your living quarters for potential problems.
- Become familiar with emergency plans for school, work and other places you frequent.
- Copy and safeguard important documents.
- Establish a family plan.
- neighbors, ascertain their skills and • Discuss disaster planning with special needs.
  - Take a course in first aid and Practice a home evacuation. overall disaster preparation.

### In an earthquake

cover under a sturdy desk or table, Indoors: Drop to the floor, take holding onto it so it doesn't move away, and wait until the shaking

first safe place, wait until the shaking stops. Before proceeding, turn Stay away from windows, don't the coast, move to high ground to fall. If you are driving, stop at the near buildings where debris may rush to an exit or use stairs until Outdoors: Stay clear of areas shaking stops. If you are near escape a possible tsunami.

power lines and be wary of bridges and underpasses, which may not routes are open. Avoid downed have been checked.

Provide first aid to the injured.

Check on the welfare of neigh-

bors, co-workers, pets.

### in a firestorm

but know first which routes lead to Evacuate as soon as possible,

### In a flood

through water.

designated meeting point outside Meet family members at pre-

- Call 911 only if injuries are serious or you are facing a dangerous Turn on the radio (KOGO/AM 600) for official announcements situation requiring assistance. and locations of neighborhood shelters. Seek higher ground; don't drive
- Assess damage to home, neighborhood.
  - Secure your prestocked emergency kit.
    - whereabouts to your designated · Report your condition and out-of-state contact.

# **EDUCATION EFFORT: AREA COURSES TO HELP PREPARE**

ist of what is available to the public: nary resuscitation (CPR). Here is a eges and various fire departments raining, first aid and cardiopulmo-The Red Cross, community colnany at no charge, in emergency and local agencies offer classes,

The San Diego-Imperial Counties Chapter of the American Red Cross on first aid, CPR, disaster training schedules dozens of classes a year

200 or see "classes" on the website For information, call (858) 309at sdarc.org.

and other subjects.

### Community colleges

website of a community college consummarizes offerings in "Looking org, or by phone at (619) 660-4357, sortium, sdicregionalconsortium. available around the county. The Classes in various health and emergency-related careers are

and other emergency-related tasks. puses offer a variety of professional training, continuing education and noncredit classes in first aid, CPR These San Diego County cam-Fees and availability vary. for a Career."

- Grossmont College, El Cajon, (619) 644-7000, grossmont.edu.
- Cuyamaca College, El Cajon, (619) 660-4000, cuyamaca.edu.

Fourth-gradhold" during ers "drop, the Great cover and

tain View, (619) 388-1234, sdce.edu.

Southwestern College, Chula

Vista, (619) 421-6700, swc.cc.ca.us.

Continuing Education, Moun-

tary in Serra at Cubberly ShakeOut" California Southern Elemen-

Community Emergency Response

A multiweek course covers fire

team organization and disaster safety, light search and rescue, districts offer CERT training medical operations. Fearms (CERT) Mesa. to it.

programs. They include San Diego

Various fire departments and

(619) 533-4453; Chula Vista, (619) 409-5482; East County, (619) 441-

(760) 757-2121, miracosta.edu.

(737; and Oceanside, (760) 435-4272

ocal fire department, fire station or

For all other programs, call the

fire district, or contact the county

emergency services coordinator,

(858)565-3490.

City College, downtown, (619)

388-3400, sdcity.edu.

 Mesa College, (619) 388-2600. sdmesa.edu; Kearny Mesa, (619)

- MiraCosta College, Oceanside,

388-2600, sdmesa.net.

 Palomar College, San Marcos, (760) 744-1150, palomar.edu.

(619) 388-7800, miramarcollege.net. Miramar College, Mira Mesa,

sdcounty.ca.gov/oes under "community" or sandiego.gov/fireandems For information on CERT under "safety & education."

A PLAN FOR THE FAMILY: IT'S IMPORTANT THAT EVERYONE HAS A ROLE TO PLAY

# A PLAN FOR THE FAMILY. IT'S IMPORTANT THAT EVERYONE HAS A ROLE TO PLAY

Talking with your family occurs is the starting point and neighbors about what to do if a natural disaster

nces stand by to assist in

eets, vans and ambu-

gencies, school bus

Mass transit: Transit

nay not be available.

locating people unable

leave on their own. ursing homes, prisHere's a plan for families to consider:

stitutional facilities are

15, hospitals and other

quired to prepare their

for being prepared.

Pick two places to meet

tails would be broadcast

acuation or relocation.

vn plans for possible

the public along with a

one number to request

ecial assistance.

case of fire, for example, and one outside your neighborhood if you can't get home. -- one near your home in Families should carry a

emergency supplies, if

it's necessary. card with the addresses and phone numbers of the desig-Ask about emergency plans nated meeting places.

ng homes or other facilities centers, workplaces, nurstacted in a crisis. Also find time - schools, day-care and how families are conat the places where your out if there are adequate family spends the most

should the need arise and if there's an evacuation site if there's a "shelter-in-place"

If a plan doesn't exist, volunteer to help develop one.

central contact person. Put that person's name, address ing for each family member relative or friend to be the and phone number in writ-Designate an out-of-state to carry at all times and

people with whom your make it available to the

children or aging relatives Initiate the plan spend time.

you'll need and need to do in Create a checklist of things an emergency; do what you update information every can in advance; rehearse your plan as a family and six months.

Explore with your

children the FEMA website do activities and test their knowledge about disaster for kids where they can preparation.

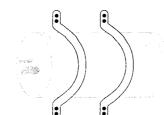
cards, doll or stuffed animal. disaster-supplies backpack things to pack in their own scissors and glue, deck of puzzles) to help them feel (crayons, favorite books, comforted and stay occupied in an emergency. They also will find

o the wall eater furi

Bolt do

## 10W TO TAKE CARE OF YOUR HOME

 Repair defective electriwiring, leaky gas lines, ns (using professional flexible utility conneclp as needed)



he wall studs the water Bolt down and secure ater, furnace and other ijor appliances.

erhead lighting fixtures. o-heavy objects; anchor d large picture frames ects on lower shelves; Place large or heavy walls; brace high and sten shelves, mirrors

azard hunt" to determine ere they are so you can For things that you n't secure, conduct a

 If you smell natural gas me and request a compa technician or a licensed hear a gas leak, turn off e main valve, using a 10-12-inch wrench. Report elephone outside your e leak to SDG&E from oid them in a quake.

electrical switches until you ights, not lanterns, candles Do not turn the gas back on vourself and do not turn on Phere is no need to turn off sources, which could ignite any leaks. When checking the gas if you do not detect your house, use only flashare sure there is no leak. or other flammable light a gas leak.

### After the immediate threat passes

wet handkerchief if damage Perform a safety check gloves and a dust mask or of your living quarters, wearing sturdy shoes, is extensive.

collapse and others may be weakened and should be ap proached with caution. Do Some chimneys may

not use a damaged chimney computers, to protect then from a power surge. Leave oower lines. If the power is a lamp on so you will know tronic equipment, such as box. Do not touch downed out, unplug sensitive elecelectrical wiring, shut off the power at the control If you find damaged when power is restored.

quickly, such as those in the

thing from open containers

near shattered glass.

If the power is out, first

eat foods that will spoil

Do not eat or drink any

may fall out of a cupboard

Beware of items that

or closet or from shelves.

eat as long as they're refrig-

Generally, they're safe to

refrigerator and freezer.

erator-cool. Freezer items

may be refrozen if ice chips

are still evident. When in

electricity, turn off all small oreakers and then shut off the main circuit breaker. need to turn off the main power switch if there is There is generally no no damage. To shut off

that can connect directly to

generators outdoors only.

Operate portable

doubt, throw it out.

Use only with appliances

the generator by extension

cords and do not plug a

generator into a household

ntractor to check for

electricity back into the main utility system and

a fuse box, remove all small

For a home equipped with

fuses and then turn off the

main using the knife switch

ine connection at the street ng system. Check the main dry room and the landscap citchen, bathrooms, laun check water lines in the For leaks and spills,

nazardous materials, such valves as needed. Immedi ately clean up any spilled and house. Turn off the medicines, drugs and as gasoline or bleach. Check that each

Phones that are off the hook elephone is on its receiver. ess phones may not work nanual traditional phone tie up the network. Cordavailable to plug into the wall. Cellphones may not vork if towers have been if power is out, so have a destroyed or the system

## Nonprescription drugs

For adults

MORE ESSENTIALS TO HAVE ON HAND

Pain réliever

TURNING OFF THE MAIN GAS VALVE

- Anti-diarrhea medication
- · Heart and blood-pressure medications Insulin
- Prescription drugs Denture needs
- Contact lenses and sup-

Food and water for three

Pet supplies

Laxative

Antacid

Extra eyeglasses

### Entertainment

 Games, books, deck of cards A change of clothing and Clothing and bedding

members with special require-

Remember household

Special items

Leash

elderly or disabled persons ments, such as infants and

For babies

 Diapers Formula

Bottles

- Sturdy shoes or work boots footwear for each person
  - Rain gear
- Blankets or sleeping bags · Hat and heavy gloves
  - Thermal underwear

## Sunglasses

 Powdered milk Medications

## tains enough supplies COMMERCIAL KITS FOR YOUR CAR

sizes and contain the same will provide care for either The local chapter of the American Red Cross sells tems, but the two largest two or four people. Both kits come in backpacks can easily be carried in three disaster kits that that cost \$45 and \$85 The kits come in two automobiles.

cooler bag for \$40 - con-The smallest one — a respectively.

energy bars, rain ponchos glow sticks, tissues, small bags are Mylar blankets, and foil packets of water. first-aid kits, trash bags for one person. In the

Kearny Mesa, phone (858) Red Cross headquarters at 3950 Calle Fortunada, The kits are available 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Monday through Friday at the 309-1200 or online at sdarc.org.

## 'GRAB AND GO' DOCUMENT BOX

vices suggests photograph-

ing your home inventory

mends creating a "grab and Insurance Information Netgo" box to store essential work of California recom Peter Moraga of the

container large enough for Start with a waterproof file folders. records.

"When it comes to docu-

want to pack documents Foreign nationals may that prove their identity. and packing important phone numbers.

Moraga suggests copying all documents for a safety

deposit box.

## AKE SURE TO CHECK YOUR SUPPLIES EVERY 6 MONTHS

metal container)

work isn't over. Make nily for an emergency, red yourself and your Now that you've pre-

אווחעו פשיפפחפיווחעו פי

thoroughly washed plastic, glass, fiberglass or enamel Never use a container that hae hald tovin emhetanone lined metal containers.

Potatoes

Use within one year

· Monnod sondoncod mont

Wheat

May be stored indefinitely

In proper containers and conditions

• Vegetable oils

ne and request a compaechnician or a licensed nain valve, using a 10--inch wrench. Report leak to SDG&E from lephone outside your tractor to check for

electricity, turn off all small breakers and then shut off the main circuit breaker. need to turn off the main oower switch if there is There is generally no no damage. To shut off

that can connect directly to the generator by extension generator into a household generators outdoors only. Use only with appliances cords and do not plug a Operate portable

manual traditional phone available to plug into the wall. Cellphones may not work if towers have been f power is out, so have a destroyed or the system disrupted.

309-1200 or online at sdarc.org. cooler bag for \$40 -- con-The smallest one — a

## 'GRAB AND GO' DOCUMENT BOX

mends creating a "grab and Insurance Information Network of California recomgo" box to store essential Peter Moraga of the

Start with a waterproof container large enough for file folders.

In proper containers and conditions

• Wheat

records.

"When it comes to documents, you want those that will be hard to replace," he said. "That includes insurand business. You'll want to take health insurance, ance papers — life, auto

 Baking powder Vegetable oilsDried corn

Canned condensed meat

**Jse within one year** 

• Potatoes

Instant drinks

• Salt

Soybeans

birth certificates and pass-"You'll want to get your

.. • Bouillon products

Dry pasta

White rice

County emergency ser ports."

sistance online at iinc.org. your mortgage papers, your

Noncarbonated soft

and uncooked instant cere-

Ready-to-eat cereals

water every six months.

uices and vegetables

Canned fruits, fruit

and vegetable soups

als (in metal containers)

Peanut butter, jelly

Hard candy and

credit card statements.

vices suggests photograph-Foreign nationals may ing your home inventory and packing important phone numbers.

1

Moraga suggests copying all documents for a safety want to pack documents that prove their identity.

The insurance network offers home inventory asdeposit box.

rial Counties Chapter of the The San Diego and Impe-American Red Cross notes cords. It also recommends puter files onto a disk or a reconstruct financial recopying important comthat tax forms can help flash drive.

## May be stored indefinitely **AKE SURE TO CHECK YOUR SUPPLIES EVERY 6 MONTHS** metal container)

ightly, label them and store in a cool, dark place. Rotate thoroughly washed plastic, glass, fiberglass or enamel-Never use a container that has held toxic substances. Seal water containers lined metal containers. ily for an emergency, ed yourself and your low that you've pre-

se guidelines for storing for food and water from ntain a rotation sched work isn't over. Make ter and the shelf life of illy plan regularly and e vou rehearse your he Red Cross gives ne common foods: r disaster kit.

Use within six months: Keeping food fresh

 Powdered milk (boxed) Dried fruit (in metal

Dry, crisp crackers (in

tore your water in

 Vitamin C sanned nuts

· Powdered milk (in nitrogen-packed cans)

### There's safety in numbers.

Preparing for an emergency well in advance is key to you and your family's safety. Here are four steps you should take to be ready.





### Plan ahead

Know your evacuation route and involve children in the planning. Review and update your "important stuff" list and emergency kit. Plan how to transport your pets and get a transport cage. Designate a relative/friend as an out-of-area contact.



### <sub>"</sub>Gather

important stuff

Keep sturdy boxes handy to collect things like: prescriptions, eyeglasses, documents, cell phones and chargers, external drives and extra cash.





Be sure to have on hand: three-day water/food supply, first-aid kit and medicine, change of clothing, blankets and sleeping bags, flashlights and extra batteries, pet food and leash.



### Create a defensible space around your home

Remove dead branches and leaves near your home, remove low branches and mow dried grass. If you replace plants, make sure they're fire-resistent.

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### Working to keep you safe. Every day.

San Diego's high-fire danger months are in the fall, when hot, dry Santa Ana winds arrive. Because the damage from wildfires can be catastrophic, it's important that we all work together and be prepared in order to stay safe.

We're partnering to prepare for safety by supporting local organizations, like 211-San Diego, the American Red Cross, and the Burn Institute, To request an emergency preparedness presentation for your service or non-profit organization, visit sdge.com/community/ambassadors.

Power outages can be caused for many reasons. Know what to do when an outage occurs and how to be safe around



downed power lines. If you own a portable generator, know how to operate it safely and let us know you have one.

If you ever have a safety concern involving natural gas or electricity, call us at 1.800.411.7343, call 911 or visit sdge.com.

### In an emergency, Alert San Diego,

the region's Reverse 911 notification system, sends important information to your registered mobile phone and email address. Be prepared and register online at readysandiego.org.



We're working to help prevent fires

by replacing wood power poles with fire-resistant steel poles and expanding tree trimming and brush



of San Diego, CAL FIRE, US Forest Service and  $\mathsf{SDG\&E}^{\scriptscriptstyle{\$}}$  are standing by to help suppress brush fires and give firefighters on the ground the

> your local city or fire department to learn more about defensible space requirements.



### NAVY'S NEW TACK IS CHARACTER TRAINING

Concerned about incidents of misbehavior, officials mandate course for aircraft units

### JEANETTE STEELE • U-T

Can you teach someone to have character and integrity? The Navy is giving it a try with a new mandatory training course for its aircraft units.

Naval officials say the move is only partly in response to a bumper crop of ill-behaved leaders in 2010 and 2011, when the Navy saw a spike in commanding officers being removed from their jobs for cause.

Others see a more direct connection.

Most of those firings came for personal failings, such as fraternization, rather than professional errors, such as running a ship aground.

The misbehavior of U.S. military members has taken on greater seriousness in the age of social media, when almost everyone carries a cellphone camera and any snapshot can go global.

"A military leader's per-SEE NAVY • A6

### lated character training course has I

lost more senior enlisted personnel last year alone due to firings than were killed in the line of duty in nearly the last half-century."

The training consists of a daylong seminar that includes case studies of sailors and officers gone wrong and intervention strategies. Topics covered are fraternization, alcohol abuse, violence, cheating on tests, hazing, fraud, falsifying administrative records, designer drug use and fraudulent marriage.

The Navy spent \$350,000 to develop the course, plus

\$250,000 out of its 2012 budget for reservist hours and travel costs. Reservists who have previously held command positions are conducting the initial seminars.

Vice Adm. Al Myers, head of all Navy air forces, said he is proud of the effort, which started at his behest.

"When we have an aviation mishap, we apply a very direct approach to recreate the decision chain that led to the mishap in order to share the lessons learned," he said. "So why not use this same approach to personal behaviors?"



They started in late March with commanding and executive officers and top enlisted sailors at air stations from Coronado to Whidbey Island, Wash., to Jacksonville, Fla. The rest of naval aviation — right down to the newest airman

down to the newest airman

is expected to receive the
training starting this sum-

It's not clear yet if this

rom some quarters



Retired Rear Adm. Hamlin Tallent

character curriculum will spread throughout the Navy, which is fond of training programs.

Already, sailors sit through presentations on how to prevent sexual harassment, alcohol problems and unsafe driving. And, officers and enlisted sailors in line for top positions take courses on character and integrity at the Command Leadership School in Newport, R.I.

Sentek Global is pitching the character program to other Navy commands and branches of the U.S. military. Law enforcement agencies at the state and federal level are another potential market.

There are no other takers yet, but a Sentek spokesman said the catalyst for these discussions has been recent high-profile gaffes.

One obvious one is the Secret Service prostitution scandal in Colombia in April, which ensnared 12 military members, including two sailors and two Marines from San Diego commands.

A recent speech by Defense Secretary Leon Panetta shows that the topic is on his mind following widely publicized episodes in Afghanistan. They include images of Marines urinating on Afghan insurgents' corpses and photos showing U.S. soldiers posing with Afghan police holding the severed legs of a suicide bomber.

"A few who lack judgment, lack professionalism, lack leadership can hurt all of us, and can hurt all of those men and women who serve this country with distinction," Panetta said in a May 4 speech at Fort Benning, Ga.

James Ware, who commanded a Whidbey Island EA-6B Prowler squadron from 2009 to 2010, chimed in on a well-read blog called Cdr. Salamander, asking, "Why does Navy leadership think that character and integrity can be taught by PowerPoint, when as any parent knows, it is formed through years of engaged parenting and by example?"

Ethicists say you cer-

tainly can't teach charter in one day. But S Bazargan, a Universit California San Diego losophy professor, sai sounds like the Navy's is less lofty.

"This is no critic of this seminar," he s "The purpose seems to straightforward, to n vate compliance with codes of conduct by d onstrating to aviators v can happen when the coare breached."

Retired Army Col. Ge Reed, now a professo University of San Die School of Leadership Education Sciences, character is a shaky pr

"We want to believ character. But you can extraordinarily good pe and put them in bad si tions and guess what will do? (Bad things.) has been repeated in periment after experiment Reed said.

He said the Navy app to be doing a positive t by reinforcing expectat about what acceptable havior is.

"Failure stories are portant. We should le from the failures of othe he said.

The Navy wouldn't a reporters to observe the tial training sessions he North Island. Officials media presence would rupt the small groups.

But they made the trees available for in views.

Reservist Capt. I Crane, who once of manded a F/A-18 squad said in some groups the was resistance to the cussion.

But he also saw what described as light bulbing off above the head some squadron skip during the back-and-f of the seminar.

"You have a C.O. whike, 'Every once in a w shouldn't I be able to m have a nice time out maybe have a couple e (drinks), as long as I la designated driver?" said.

"And someone says, 'Well, you are in command all the time. What happens if your boss calls you? Now are you glad you had that extra beer or two?"

Crane said, "To see guys to potentially change and adjust, I think there's value there."